

Note

This tenancy agreement (or lease) is required for tenancies entered into on **April 30, 2018 or later**. It does not apply to care homes, sites in mobile home parks and land lease communities, most social housing, certain other special tenancies or co-operative housing (see Part A of General Information).

Residential tenancies in Ontario are governed by the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*. This agreement cannot take away a right or responsibility under the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*.

Under the Ontario *Human Rights Code*, everyone has the right to equal treatment in housing without discrimination or harassment.

All sections of this agreement are mandatory and cannot be changed.

1. Parties to the Agreement**Residential Tenancy Agreement between:****Landlord(s)**

Landlord's Legal Name

Landlord's Legal Name

Note:

See Part B in General Information

and Tenant(s)

Last Name	First Name
Last Name	First Name
Last Name	First Name
Last Name	First Name
Last Name	First Name

2. Rental Unit

The landlord will rent to the tenant the rental unit at:

Unit (e.g., unit 1 or basement unit)	Street Number	Street Name
City/Town	Province	Postal Code

Number of vehicle parking spaces and description (e.g., indoor/outdoor, location)

The rental unit is a unit in a condominium.

Yes No

If yes, the tenant agrees to comply with the condominium declaration, by-laws and rules, as provided by the landlord.

3. Contact Information

Address for Giving Notices or Documents to the Landlord

Unit GG5	Street Number 800	Street Name Niagara Street	PO Box
City/Town Welland		Province ON	Postal Code/ZIP Code L3C 5Z4

Both the landlord and tenant agree to receive notices and documents by email, where allowed by the Landlord and Tenant Board's Rules of Practice.

Yes No

If yes, provide email addresses:

info@blockpropertiesniagara.com and/or admin@blockpropertiesniagara.com

The landlord and tenant(s) are providing phone and/ email contact information for emergencies or day-to-day communications:

Yes No

If yes, provide information:

BLOCK PROPERTIES NIAGARA CONTACTS:

Repairs: For EMERGENCY Repairs 289-407-4221 (TEXT)	Office: General info, non-emergency repairs, complaints, and maintenance requests. 289-820-5632 info@blockpropertiesniagara.com	Admin: For lease questions, tax receipts general administrative assistance. 289-303-7375 admin@blockpropertiesniagara.com
TENANT NAME:	TENANT PHONE NUMBER:	TENANT EMAIL ADDRESS:

Note:

See Part B and E in General Information

4. Term of Tenancy Agreement

This tenancy starts on: _____ Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

This tenancy agreement is for: (select an option below and fill in details as needed)

a fixed length of time ending on: _____ Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

a monthly tenancy

other (such as daily, weekly, please specify): _____

Note:

The tenant does not have to move out at the end of the term. See Parts C and D in General Information.

6. Services and Utilities

The following services are included in the lawful rent for the rental unit, as specified:

- | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Gas | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Air conditioning | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Additional storage space | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| On-Site Laundry | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | <input type="checkbox"/> No Charge | <input type="checkbox"/> Pay Per use |
| Guest Parking | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | <input type="checkbox"/> No Charge | <input type="checkbox"/> Pay Per use |
| Other <u>Internet</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Other <u>Snow removal</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Other <u>Lawn care</u> | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Other _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |
| Other _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No | | |

Provide details about services or list any additional services if needed (if necessary add additional pages):

The following utilities are the responsibility of:

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Electricity | <input type="checkbox"/> Landlord | <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant |
| Heat | <input type="checkbox"/> Landlord | <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant |
| Water | <input type="checkbox"/> Landlord | <input type="checkbox"/> Tenant |

If the tenant is responsible for any utilities, provide details of the arrangement, e.g. tenant sets up account with and pays the utility provider, tenant pays a portion of the utility costs (if necessary, add additional pages):

Note:

If the tenant will be responsible for paying for electricity measured by a meter or suite meter, the landlord must give the prospective tenant available information about the electricity usage in the rental unit over the last twelve months using the appropriate Landlord and Tenant Board form.

7. Rent Discounts

Select one:

There is no rent discount.

or

The lawful rent will be discounted as follows:

Provide description of rent discount (if necessary add additional pages):

Note:

See Part G in General Information for what types of discounts are allowed.

8. Rent Deposit

Select one:

A rent deposit is not required.

or

The tenant will pay a rent deposit of \$ _____
This can only be applied to the rent for the last rental period of the tenancy.

Note:

This amount cannot be more than one month's rent or the rent for one rental period (e.g., one week in a weekly tenancy), whichever is less. This cannot be used as a damage deposit. The landlord must pay the tenant interest on the rent deposit every year. See Part H in General Information.

9. Key Deposit

Select one:

A key deposit is not required.

or

The tenant will pay a refundable key deposit of \$ _____ to cover the cost of replacing the keys, remote entry devices or cards if they are not returned to the landlord at the end of the tenancy.

If a refundable key deposit is required, provide description and number of keys, access cards and remote entry devices:

Note:
The key deposit cannot be more than the expected replacement cost. See Part H in General Information.

10. Smoking

Under provincial law, smoking is not allowed in any indoor common areas of the building. The tenant agrees to these additional rules on smoking:

Select one:

None

or

Smoking rules

Provide description of smoking rules (if necessary, add additional pages):

Smoking of ANY kind, (including cigarettes, vaping and cannabis), is NOT permitted on the residential property.

As per provincial law, smoking of any kind is not allowed in any indoor common areas.

Note:
In making and enforcing smoking rules, the landlord must follow the Ontario *Human Rights Code*. See Parts M and S in General Information.

11. Tenant's Insurance

Select one:

There are no tenant insurance requirements.

The tenant acknowledges that not having tenant insurance is at the tenant's own risk.

or

The tenant must have liability insurance at all times. If the landlord asks for proof of coverage, the tenant must provide it. It is up to the tenant to get contents insurance if they want it.

12. Changes to the Rental Unit

The tenant may install decorative items, such as pictures or window coverings. This is subject to any reasonable restrictions set out in the additional terms under Section 15.

The tenant cannot make other changes to the rental unit without the landlord's permission.

13. Maintenance and Repairs

The landlord must keep the rental unit and property in good repair and comply with all health, safety and maintenance standards.

The tenant must repair or pay for any undue damage to the rental unit or property caused by the willful or negligent conduct of the tenant, the tenant's guest or another person who lives in the rental unit.

The tenant is responsible for ordinary cleanliness of the rental unit, except for any cleaning the landlord agreed to do.

Note:

See Part J in General Information.

14. Assignment and Subletting

The tenant may assign or sublet the rental unit to another person only with the consent of the landlord.

The landlord cannot arbitrarily or unreasonably withhold consent to a sublet or potential assignee.

Note:

There are additional rules if the tenant wants to assign or sublet the rental unit. See Part P in General Information.

15. Additional Terms

Landlords and tenants can agree to additional terms. Examples may include terms that:

- Require the landlord to make changes to the unit before the tenant moves in, and
- Provide rules for use of common spaces and/or amenities.

These additional terms should be written in plain language and clearly set out what the landlord or tenant must or must not do to comply with the term. If typed, the additional terms should be in a font size that is at least 10 points.

An additional term cannot take away a right or responsibility under the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*.

If a term conflicts with the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* or any other terms set out in this form, the term is void (not valid or legally binding) and it cannot be enforced. Some examples of void and unenforceable terms include those that:

- Do not allow pets (however, the landlord can require the tenant to comply with condominium rules, which may prohibit certain pets),
- Do not allow guests, roommates, any additional occupants,
- Require the tenant to pay deposits, fees or penalties that are not permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2006* (e.g., damage or pet deposits, interest on rent arrears), and
- Require the tenant to pay for all or part of the repairs that are the responsibility of the landlord.

See General Information for more details.

The landlord and tenant may want to get legal advice before agreeing to any additional terms.

Select one:

There are no additional terms.

or

This tenancy agreement includes an attachment with additional terms that the landlord and tenant agreed to.

16. Changes to this Agreement

After this agreement is signed, it can be changed only if the landlord and tenant agree to the changes in writing.

Note:

The *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* allows some rent increases and requires some rent reductions without agreement between the landlord and tenant. See Part I in General Information.

17. Signatures

By signing this agreement, the landlord(s) and the tenant(s) agree to follow its terms.

Unless otherwise agreed in the additional terms under Section 15, if there is more than one tenant, each tenant is responsible for all tenant obligations under this agreement, including the full amount of rent.

Landlord(s):

Name	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)
Name	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)

Tenant(s):

Name ()	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)
Name ()	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)
Name ()	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)
Name ()	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)
Name ()	Signature	Date (mm/dd/ yyyy)

Note:

All of the landlords and tenants listed on the first page in Section 1 (Parties to the Agreement) must sign here. The landlord must give a copy of this agreement to the tenant within 21 days after the tenant signs it.

This Appendix sets out basic information for landlords and tenants. It is not intended as legal advice, and it is not an official interpretation of the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* (the Act). Please refer to the Act for the specific rules.

The Landlord and Tenant Board also provides information about landlords' and tenants' rights and responsibilities under the Act.

Landlord and Tenant Board:

Toll free: 1-888-332-3234

Toronto area: 416-645-8080

TTY: Bell Relay Service at 1-800-268-9242

Website: www.sjto.ca/ltb

A. When to Use This Form

This form (standard form of lease) must be used for most residential tenancy agreements (leases).

This form should **not** be used for:

- care homes,
- sites in mobile home parks or land lease communities,
- social and supportive housing that is exempt from the rent increase guideline (see the regulation under the Act for specific exemptions),
- member units in co-operative housing, and
- any other accommodation that is exempt from the Act (see Section 5 of the Act).

B. Change of Landlord

A new landlord has the same rights and duties as the previous landlord. A new landlord must follow all the terms of this agreement unless the tenant and new landlord agree to other terms. A new landlord should provide the tenant with their legal name and address.

C. Renewing a Tenancy Agreement (Part V of the Act)

If the landlord and tenant agree that the tenancy will last for a specific period of time, this is called a fixed term tenancy. This is because both the start and end date are set out in the tenancy agreement.

The end of an agreement does not mean the tenant has to move out or sign a renewal or new agreement in order to stay. The rules of the agreement will still apply and the tenant still has the right to stay:

- as a monthly tenant, if the agreement was for a fixed term or monthly tenancy,
- as a weekly tenant, if the agreement was for a weekly tenancy, or
- as a daily tenant, if the agreement was for a daily tenancy.

The landlord and tenant can also agree to renew the agreement for another fixed term or enter into a new agreement. In any case, changes to the rent must follow the rules under the Act (see Part I below for further information).

D. Ending the Tenancy (Part V of the Act)

The landlord or tenant must follow the rules of the Act when ending a tenancy.

When the tenant can end the tenancy

The tenant may end a tenancy by giving the landlord proper notice using the appropriate Landlord and Tenant Board form. They must give:

- at least 60 days' notice if they have a monthly or fixed term tenancy, or
- at least 28 days' notice if they have a daily or weekly tenancy.

For a fixed term tenancy, the notice cannot be effective before the last day of the fixed term. For a monthly or weekly tenancy, the notice must be effective on the last day of a rental period (e.g. month or week).

In certain situations, a tenant who has experienced sexual or domestic violence can give 28 days' notice to end the tenancy at any time, even if the tenant has a fixed term agreement (e.g., one year agreement). They must use the notice form approved by the Landlord and Tenant Board.

When the landlord can end the tenancy

The landlord cannot evict the tenant unless the landlord follows the proper rules. In most cases, the landlord must give proper notice to end the tenancy using the right form. Forms are available on the Landlord and Tenant Board's website.

The landlord can only give the tenant notice to end the tenancy in certain situations. These situations are set out in the Act. A few examples include:

- tenant does not pay the full rent when it is due,
- tenant causes damage to the rental unit or building, and
- tenant substantially interferes with the reasonable enjoyment of other tenants or the

landlord. If the landlord gives a tenant notice to end the tenancy, the tenant does not have to move out.

If the tenant does not move out, the landlord must apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board in order to evict the tenant. The Landlord and Tenant Board will hold a hearing and decide if the tenancy should end. Both the landlord and the tenant can come to the hearing and explain their side to the Landlord and Tenant Board. If the Landlord and Tenant Board orders an eviction, the eviction order can only be enforced by the Sheriff (Court Enforcement Officer).

It is an offence for the landlord to evict a tenant without following this process. If convicted, the landlord could face a fine of up to \$25,000 (for an individual) or \$100,000 (for a corporation).

If the Landlord and Tenant agree to end the tenancy

The tenant and landlord can agree to end a tenancy at any time by using the proper Landlord and Tenant Board form. Some landlords may ask the tenant to sign this form when signing the agreement. In most cases, an agreement to end a tenancy signed at the beginning of the tenancy agreement is unenforceable and the tenant does not have to move out.

There is more information on how to end a tenancy and reasons for eviction in the Act and in a brochure on the Landlord and Tenant Board website.

E. Giving Notices and Documents (Part XII of the Act)

The landlord and tenant have to deliver some official notices and other documents in writing. These notices and documents can be:

- hand delivered,
- left in a mail box or a place where mail is ordinarily delivered, or
- mailed (this will count as delivered five days after mailing).

There are also other ways to serve notices and documents. For more information, contact the Landlord and Tenant Board or see the Rules of Practice on its website.

F. Rent and Rent Receipts (Part VII of the Act)

Rent is the amount the tenant pays to the landlord to occupy the rental unit and receive services or facilities agreed to in this agreement.

The tenant must pay their rent on time. If they do not, the landlord can give them notice to end the tenancy.

If the tenant asks for a receipt for rent or any payment or deposit, the landlord must give them one for free. This also applies to a former tenant who asks for a receipt within 12 months after the end of their tenancy.

G. Rent Discounts (Part VII of Act)

The landlord can offer the tenant a discount for paying rent on or before the date it is due. This discount can be up to two per cent of the lawful rent.

The landlord can also offer rent-free periods or discounts in one of three ways:

- Rent-free periods of up to three months within any 12-month period,
- A discount of up to one month's rent spread evenly over eight months, or
- A discount of up to two months' rent, with up to one month's rent spread evenly over the first seven months, and up to one month's rent discounted in one of the last five months.

These types of discounts must be agreed to in writing.

H. Deposits (Part VII of the Act)

The landlord can only collect a deposit for the last month's rent and a refundable key deposit. The tenant does not have to provide any other form of deposit, such as pet or damage deposits. If the tenant pays anything more, the tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to get the money back.

Rent deposit (i.e. last month's rent): The landlord can require a rent deposit on or before the tenant enters into the tenancy agreement. The landlord must apply this money to the rent for the last period of the tenancy. The rent deposit must not be more than one month's rent or the rent for one rental period (e.g., one week in a weekly tenancy), whichever is less.

The landlord must pay the tenant interest on the rent deposit every year. If the rent increases after the tenant has paid a rent deposit, the landlord can require the tenant to top-up the rent deposit so that it is the same as the new rent. The landlord can use the interest on the rent deposit to top-up the rent deposit.

If the landlord is unable to let the tenant move into the rental unit, the landlord must return the deposit, unless the tenant agrees to rent a different unit.

Key deposit: If the landlord collects a deposit for key(s), remote entry devices or cards, the landlord must return the deposit when the tenant gives back their key(s) at the end of the tenancy.

The landlord can charge the tenant for additional keys that the tenant requests (for example, if the tenant wants an extra key or if the tenant has lost their key), but the charge cannot be more than actual cost of the keys. This is not a key deposit.

I. Rent Increases and Decreases (Part VII of the Act)

Most Ontario tenants are protected by rent controls that limit how much rent can increase year-over-year. The rent payable by tenants may also decrease in limited situations.

Guideline Rent Increases

Normally, the landlord can increase the rent only once every 12 months. The landlord must use the proper Landlord and Tenant Board form and give the tenant at least 90 days' notice before the rent increase is to take effect. The rent can be increased by no more than the rent increase guideline unless the Landlord and Tenant Board approves a rent increase above the guideline. The guideline for each year can be found on the Landlord and Tenant Board's website.

Rent Increases above the Guideline

The landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board for approval to raise the rent by more than the rent increase guideline. Affected tenants can oppose this application at the Landlord and Tenant Board.

This kind of rent increase is called an above-guideline rent increase. The Landlord and Tenant Board can allow this kind of rent increase if:

- the landlord's municipal taxes and charges have increased significantly,
- the landlord has done major repairs or renovations, or
- the costs of external security services (i.e. not performed by the landlord's employees) have increased, or external security services are being provided for the first time.

The landlord and tenant can also agree to an above-guideline rent increase, if the landlord agrees to renovate or add a new service for the tenant. Certain rules apply.

Rent Reductions:

The landlord **must** reduce the rent if:

- the municipal property tax goes down by more than 2.49 per cent, or
- the rent was increased above the guideline to pay for repairs or renovations and the costs have been fully paid for (this only applies to tenants who were living in the unit when the above guideline rent increase happened).

The tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to reduce their rent if:

- municipal property taxes or charges on the rental property go down,
- the landlord reduced or removed a service without reducing the rent, or
- the landlord did not keep a promise they made in an agreement for a rent increase above the guideline.

J. Maintenance and Repairs (Part III, IV, V and XIV of the Act)

The landlord must keep the rental unit and property in good repair and comply with all health, safety and maintenance standards. This includes the maintenance and repair of things that came with the unit, such as appliances, and of common areas, such as parking lots, elevators, and hallways.

The tenant must pay their rent, even if they have problems with the maintenance and repair of their unit or property. If the tenant is having a maintenance or repair problem, the tenant should let the landlord know. If needed, the tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board.

The tenant is responsible for any damage to the rental property caused by the tenant, the tenant's guest or another person who lives in the rental unit. This applies to any damage caused on purpose or by not being careful enough. This does not include damage that results from normal use of the rental unit over time ("wear and tear"). The landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board if the tenant has not repaired such damage.

The tenant is responsible for ordinary cleanliness of the rental unit, except for any cleaning the landlord agreed to do.

K. Vital Services (Part I and III of the Act)

"Vital services" include hot or cold water, fuel, electricity, gas and heat.

The landlord must ensure that a rental unit has heating equipment capable of maintaining a minimum temperature of 20° Celsius from September 1 to June 15. Some municipal by-laws may have stricter requirements.

The landlord cannot withhold or shut off the reasonable supply of a vital service, care service or food that the landlord must supply under the tenancy agreement. If a vital service is cut-off because the landlord failed to pay their bill, the landlord is considered to have withheld that service. However, if a vital service is cut-off or disconnected because the tenant failed to pay their own utility bill, the tenant cannot claim that the landlord withheld a vital service.

The landlord cannot deliberately interfere with the reasonable supply of any vital service, care service or food, whether or not the landlord is obligated to supply it under the tenancy agreement.

L. Harassment (Part III and IV of the Act)

It is against the law for the landlord (or anyone acting for the landlord, such as a superintendent or property manager) to harass the tenant, or for the tenant to harass the landlord. If the landlord or the tenant is experiencing harassment they can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board.

M. Discrimination

If the landlord (or anyone acting for the landlord) discriminates against the tenant based on prohibited grounds of discrimination under the Ontario *Human Rights Code* (the *Code*), they may be violating the tenant's rights under the Code. The Landlord and Tenant Board may be able to consider discrimination if it relates to an application under the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*. In other situations, the tenant may have to take their case to the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario.

N. Landlord's Entry into Rental Unit (Part III of the Act)

The tenant is entitled to reasonable enjoyment of the rental unit (e.g. quiet enjoyment, reasonable privacy, freedom from unreasonable disturbance and exclusive use of the rental unit).

The landlord can enter the rental unit with 24 hours' written notice only for the following reasons:

- make repairs,
- inspect the unit to see if repairs are needed, if the inspection is reasonable,
- show the rental unit to a possible buyer, insurer or mortgage lender,
- let a real estate agent show the unit to a possible buyer,
- have a property inspection done before converting the residential building into a condominium, or
- for any reasonable purpose listed in the tenancy agreement.

The written notice must include the reason for the entry and state the date and time (between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m.) that the landlord will enter the unit. With proper notice, the landlord can enter the unit when the tenant is not at home.

The landlord does not need to give a notice to enter:

- in case of emergency,
- if the tenant consents to entry,
- if the tenancy agreement requires the landlord to clean the unit, or
- if the tenancy is coming to an end and the landlord wants to show the unit to a potential new tenant – the landlord can only show the unit between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. and must make a reasonable effort to let the tenant know when this will happen.

O. Locks (Part III and IV of the Act)

The landlord cannot change the locks of the rental unit unless the landlord gives the new keys to the tenant. The tenant cannot change the locks of the rental unit without the consent of the landlord.

P. Assign or Sublet (Part VI of the Act)

The tenant may assign or sublet the rental unit to another person only with the consent of the landlord. The landlord cannot arbitrarily or unreasonably withhold consent to a potential assignee or sublet of the rental unit.

1. **Assignment:** In an **assignment**, the tenant transfers their right to occupy the rental unit to someone else. The new person takes the place of the tenant, and the tenancy agreement stays the same.
2. **Sublet:** A **sublet** occurs when the tenant moves out of the rental unit, lets another person (the 'sub-tenant') live there until a specified date, and can return to live in the unit before the tenancy ends. The tenancy agreement and the landlord-tenant relationship do not change.

A tenant who sublets a rental unit cannot:

- charge a higher rent than the landlord does for the rental unit,
- collect any additional fees for subletting the rental unit, or
- charge the sub-tenant for additional goods or services.

Q. Guests (Part III of the Act)

The landlord cannot stop tenants from having guests, require the tenant to notify the landlord or get the landlord's permission before having guests. The landlord cannot charge extra fees or raise the rent due to guests in the rental unit. However, the tenant is responsible for the behaviour of their guests.

The landlord cannot prevent the tenant from having a roommate, as long as municipal by-laws on occupancy standards are respected.

R. Pets (Part III of the Act)

A tenancy agreement cannot prohibit animals in the rental unit or in or around the residential building.

There are some cases where the landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to evict a tenant who has a pet. These are some common examples:

- the pet makes too much noise, damages the unit or causes other tenants to have allergic reactions,
- the breed or species is inherently dangerous, or
- the rules of the condominium corporation do not allow pets.

S. Smoking (Part V of the Act)

The Act does not discuss smoking in a rental unit. The landlord and tenant can use Section 10 of this lease to agree to either allow or prohibit smoking in the unit, and/or on the landlord's property.

Even if the lease doesn't prohibit smoking, the landlord may apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to end the tenancy if the smoking:

- substantially interferes with reasonable enjoyment of the landlord or other tenants,
- causes undue damage,
- impairs safety, or
- substantially interferes with another lawful right, privilege or interest of the landlord.

If the tenant believes that other people smoking in their building affects their health or safety, contravenes maintenance standards, or substantially interferes with their reasonable enjoyment of the rental unit, they should discuss it with their landlord before contacting the Landlord and Tenant Board.

T. Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarms

The landlord must provide the rental unit with working smoke alarms and, where applicable, carbon monoxide alarms. The landlord is responsible for keeping smoke and carbon monoxide alarms in working condition, which includes replacing the batteries. The tenant must not disconnect or tamper with any smoke or carbon monoxide alarm and must notify the landlord immediately of any alarms not working properly.

U. Resolving Disputes

The landlord and tenant are required to follow the law. If they have problems or disagreements, the landlord and tenant should first discuss the issue and attempt to resolve it themselves. If the landlord or tenant feels that the other is not obeying the law, they may contact the Landlord and Tenant Board for information about their rights and responsibilities, including whether they may apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to resolve the dispute.

SCHEDULE B; ADDITIONAL TERMS AND REGULATIONS

NOTE: please make sure to initial ALL squares to the left of the conditions.

SMOKE DETECTORS/FIRE EXTINGUISHERS;

The tenant is not permitted and agrees not to disconnect any smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors, or fire extinguishers, and agrees to immediately notify the landlord of any malfunctions therein. The landlord shall replace, when necessary, all batteries used to operate the smoke detector(s) and carbon monoxide detector(s) installed on the premises. The tenant shall indemnify and save the landlord harmless from all causes of action, and any other judicial proceedings commenced against the landlord resulting from the tenant's failure to comply with the aforementioned obligations.

The landlord shall maintain fire insurance on the premises. The tenant acknowledges that the landlord's fire insurance on the premises provides no coverage on the tenant's personal property. The tenant agrees to obtain their own insurance for contents and liability. The tenant will keep their policy paid and up to date during the entire term of their tenancy.

In the event that any provisions of this lease will be held to be invalid or unenforceable in whole or in part, those provisions to the extent enforceable and all other provisions will nevertheless continue to be valid and enforceable as though the invalid or unenforceable parts had not been included in this lease and the remaining provisions had been executed by both parties subsequent to the deletion of the invalid provision.

DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY;

The tenant agrees to give the Landlord or his/her agent immediate notice of ANY accident or other defect to the property or other defect in the water pipes, heating, wiring, etc. The tenant further agrees to maintain, keep and leave the premises in an ordinary state of cleanliness and is responsible to pay for any damage caused to the premises by his/her willful or negligent conduct or that of persons who are permitted on the premises by the Tenant, and not to make ANY alterations or decorate with express consent from the Landlord or Agent. All damage to the property will be repaired by the Landlord or a representative of the Landlord and not by the tenant or anyone hired by the tenant.

INSPECTIONS FOR DAMAGES, ETC;

The premises will be formally inspected each semester by the landlord and/or property manager, to assess for any damages caused to the premises which were not present at the time the tenant commenced occupation. Note that further inspections, in addition to the two noted above, may be undertaken depending on circumstances that may arise indicating material damages to the premises have occurred.

The tenants acknowledge responsibility for any damages caused to the premises, either by themselves or visitors, and agrees to reimburse the landlord for all costs incurred to fix the damages and restore the premises to the same condition it was in prior to the tenant commencing occupation.

CONDITION OF PROPERTY FOR PURPOSE OF SHOWINGS AND END OF LEASE TERM;

The tenant fully acknowledges that they whenever the landlord needs to show the property to potential tenants they will make the property presentable for said showing. The tenant also agrees to leave the property, both inside and out, in the same condition they found it in at the time the lease began. The tenant also agrees that they are responsible for any costs that might be incurred by the landlord to bring the property back to the condition it was in at the outset of the lease, for either showings or at the end of the lease term.

WEEKLY GARBAGE AND RECYCLING;

The tenant acknowledges responsibility for ensuring that garbage/recycling is disposed of in accordance with the City of Welland waste disposal and recycling collection schedule and regulations. The tenant will be responsible for municipal charges pertaining to garbage/recycling issues, and also for any costs incurred by the landlord to remove any excessive garbage/recycling during, or at the end of the lease term.

YARD OF THE PROPERTY;

In addition to keeping the interior of the property clean, the tenant also agrees to keep the yard free of any and all garbage/bottles/etc. This includes the back yard and the side yards as well.

NSF CHEQUES AND LATE RENTS;

If the tenant chooses to provide post-dated cheques, the tenant agrees to pay a total fee of \$40.00 for each NSF cheque or returned cheque. This fee includes an administration fee of \$20.00 plus a \$20.00 reimbursement for the landlord's bank charges/related fees. The tenant also agrees that late rents are to be dropped off to the BLOCK Properties Niagara office along with any fees that have been incurred. (I.e.; NSF fees, late rents, or a combination of both).

NOTE: Replacement cheques will not be accepted to replace a cheque that was returned NSF. Cash or certified cheque will only be accepted.

LOST KEYS;

If the tenant loses his/her key, the tenant agrees to pay a total fee of \$25.00 per key. This fee will be applied to the cost of both a staff member for their time and the actual cost of that key. This payment must be made directly to the staff member who comes out to provide the service.

If the tenant fails to return his/her keys at the end of the tenancy, a \$55.00 fee for each key that is not returned will apply. This fee will be applied to the cost of a complete replacement of the lock and making all required copies of the key.

LOCKED OUT OF ROOM;

The tenants agree to a \$20.00 fee should they lock themselves out of their room and need to be let in by BLOCK Properties Niagara Staff. This fee is payable at the time of unlocking the room.

COOKING IN ROOMS;

Tenants are not permitted and agree not to, at any time, cook, fry, heat or prepare foods in their rented rooms. The use of hot plates and candles are not permitted within the premises at any time.

INTERNET USAGE;

The landlord agrees to pay for unlimited, high speed internet services; however, the tenant acknowledges that they are responsible for administration of the account (i.e. authorization of users, etc.). Further, the tenant acknowledges responsibility for the use, and misuse, of Internet services at the premises. The landlord shall not be held responsible for any illegal and/or improper Internet use at the premises. The tenant will use a VPN for ALL questionable downloading. Additionally, the Internet is subject to maximum and lawful limitations put in place by the provider. Should the landlord receive any government warnings regarding illegal downloading, the landlord may cut-off the Internet. In such circumstances, the Landlord shall be released from obligation to provide Internet access and that responsibility shall fall upon the tenants.

The Tenant also agrees NOT to connect personal routers or ethernet cables without the express permission from the Landlord/Property Manager as doing so creates a connectivity drain for the other tenants.

INSURANCE;

It is the tenant's responsibility to obtain and maintain, at their own expense, a Tenant's Insurance package for both contents and liability.

BARBEQUES;

The tenant acknowledges that barbeques are not permitted on the property.

ROOF OF PROPERTY;

Tenant acknowledges that going onto the roof of the property for any reason is not permitted.

PETS;

The tenant is moving into a house shared by other tenants. It is requested as a personal courtesy to both current and future tenants, that NO animals of any kind be permitted to live in the house during the tenancy.

With a rise of various conditions such as allergies, phobias, etc., this personal courtesy is requested of ALL tenants for the mutual benefit of all persons, present and future, who may reside in the dwelling.

SMOKING;

The tenant is not permitted to smoke in or on the residential premises. Any person wishing to smoke must do so OFF of the property. Smoking includes, but is not limited to cigarettes, vaping, and cannabis.

The property is smoke-free and ALL tenants are expected to enforce the no-smoking rule upon all guests of the property.

DRUGS;

This is a DRUG-FREE house. Tenants are not permitted to store, grow, sell or consume ANY drug-related substances on the property. Anyone found storing/growing/selling/consuming drugs on the property will be evicted immediately.

ALCOHOL BOTTLES/BEER CASES;

Cases of empty beer bottles/cans and alcohol bottles must be removed from the house and returned to the store within ONE week of consumption.

WATER OVERAGES

The monthly rent includes water, with a quarterly cap of \$400.00 total for the utility. If the monthly total of this bill exceeds the \$400.00 monthly cap, the tenants agree to pay the landlord the difference. The landlord will provide PDF copies of the bills every billing cycle, (usually every 90 days). It is the tenant's responsibility to notify the landlord of any problems as soon as possible (i.e.: careless tenant leaving water running when not necessary, running toilet, etc.).

GUESTS;

Overnight guests are permitted, but only for short stays. Anyone found to be sharing a room on a full-time basis or allowing someone to stay at the house for multiple days will be evicted.

PARKING;

As a result of VERY limited parking, the driveway is strictly to be used by paying tenants of the property. Friends, family members, etc. will have to park elsewhere. Parking is for the sole benefit of the tenants themselves.

SNOW REMOVAL;

The Tenant agrees that they are responsible for clearing all snow from both the driveway and the sidewalks that border the property. Shovels and salt will be provided by the landlord or his/her representative.

PICTURES/POSTERS;

The tenant agrees NOT to puncture the walls of the property in any way for the purpose of hanging pictures, shelving, curtains, blinds, etc. without express consent of the Landlord or his/her agent or representation. Any posters that are hung up should be done with tape or stick tack that does not damage the walls or the paint of the property.

FRIDGES/FREEZERS;

The tenant is not permitted to bring any additional refrigerators or freezers into the premises without the express consent of the Landlord or his/her agent or representation.

SPACE HEATERS;

The tenant is not permitted to bring any additional space heaters into the premises without the express consent of the Landlord or his/her agent or representation.

SOCIAL MEDIA;

The tenant agrees to refrain from posting the address of the leased property or pictures of the leased property on any outlets of social media; i.e.; Instagram, Twitter, Facebook, etc.



CONTACT INFORMATION;

The tenant agrees to provide the Landlord/Property Manager with any change that may occur with the tenant contact information, including both e-mail addresses and phone numbers.

SAMPLE